

Otowave 302

Operating Manual





ABOUT THIS MANUAL

READ THIS OPERATING MANUAL BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO USE THE INSTRUMENT.

This manual is valid for the Otowave 302. This product is manufactured by:

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	INTR	RODUCTION	5
	1.1.	THANK YOU	5
	1.2.	INTENDED APPLICATIONS	5
	1.3.	CONTRADICTIONS	5
	1.4.	STANDARD AND OPTIONAL COMPONENTS	6
	1.5.	WARNINGS	6
2.	UNP	ACKING AND INSTALLATION	8
	2.1.	GENERAL	8
	2.2.	Markings	8
	2.3.	SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS	9
	2.3.1	1. General	9
	2.3.2		
	2.3.3	3. Environmental factors	10
	2.3.4	1. Electrical and electrostatic safety	11
	2.3.5		
	2.3.6	•	
	2.3.7	3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	2.3.8		
	2.3.9		
	2.4.	CONNECTIONS	
	2.5.	CONTROLS AND INDICATORS (BASE UNIT)	
	2.6.	CONTROLS AND INDICATORS (PROBE)	
	2.6.1		
	2.7.	LIGHT INDICATORS	
	2.8.	CONTRALATERAL TRANSDUCER	
	2.9.	CHOOSING THE CORRECT EAR TIP SIZE	
	2.10.	HARDWARE INSTALLATION	
	2.11.	INITIAL SETTINGS	
	2.11	-1 5 - 55-	
	2.11		
	2.12.	THE MPT-II PRINTER	
	2.12	3 · · · · · ·	
	2.12	5 · · · · 5 · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	2.12		
3.	PRIN	ICIPLES OF OPERATION	19
	3.1.	OTOSCOPIC EXAMINATION	
	3.2.	PRINCIPALS OF ADMITTANCE MEASUREMENT	19
	3.3.	TYMPANOGRAM	
	3.4.	ACOUSTIC REFLEX MEASUREMENT	20
4.	USIN	IG THE OTOWAVE	21
	4.1.	GENERAL PRECAUTIONS	21
	4.2.	SWITCHING THE INSTRUMENT ON AND OFF	22
	4.3.	HIGH FREQUENCY OPTION	22
	4 4	MENLI DISPLAYS	22



4.5.	CONF	IGURATION	23
4.5	5.1.	Sweep Settings	23
4.5	5.2.	Reflex Settings	24
4.5	i.3.	System Settings	25
4.6.	DAILY	CHECK	26
4.7.	DISPL	AY MODE	26
4.8.	Syste	M Information	27
4.9.	PERFO	DRMING A TEST	28
4.9).1.	Selecting the ear side	28
4.9).2.	Performing tympanometry	28
4.9).3.	Understanding the tympanometry test result	30
4.9	0.4.	Performing tympanometry and acoustic reflex testing	31
4.9	-	Understanding the acoustic reflex test result	
4.10.	IMMI	DIATE PROCESS OF RESULTS	
	0.1.	General	
4.1	0.2.	Sending Results to a Printer	
4.1	0.3.	Saving Results to the Internal Database	
4.11.	(RE)V	'IEW THE LAST TEST(S)	36
4.12.	DATA	Management	
4.1	2.1.	General	37
4.1	2.2.	List records (View, Print, Delete)	
4.1	2.3.	Delete Records	
4.1	2.4.	Print Records	
4.1	2.5.	Data Transfer to noah or tympview	
4.1	2.6.	Database Full	40
5. TRO	OUBLES	SHOOTING	41
6. RO	ITINE	MAINTENANCE	43
J. 110			
6.1.		RAL MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES	
6.2.		NING THE OTOWAVE	
6.3.		NING THE PROBE	
6.4.		DSABLES	
6.5.	ACCES	SSORIES/REPLACEMENT PARTS	
6.6.	REPAI		
6.7.		RANTY	
6.8.		RANTY CARD (UK CUSTOMERS ONLY)	
6.9.	CALIB	RATION AND RETURN OF THE INSTRUMENT	46
7. TEC	CHNICA	L SPECIFICATIONS	47
7.1.	CTANI	DARD AND REGULATORY	47
7.1. 7.2.		RAL	
7.2.		ANOMETRY	
7.3. 7.4.		ISTIC REFLEX TESTING	_
8. EM	IC GUID	DANCE & MANUFACTURER'S DECLARATION	50
9. SAF	FETY PR	RECAUTIONS TO TAKE WHEN CONNECTING OTOWAVE 302	55
10.	APPENI	DIX A – 1000 HZ TYPANOMETRY & MEATUS COMPENSATION	57
10.1.	TVMD	ANOMETRIC PROPERTIES	57
10.1.		ANOMETRIC PROPERTIES	
10.2.	I I IVIP	AND THE TWO INTERNATIONS AND THE PROPERTY OF T	



10.3.	SCALAR VS. VECTOR BASELINE	59
10.4.	REFERENCE POINT FOR BASELINE VALUE	60
11. A	APPENDIX B –BASELINE MODE	61
11.1.	GENERAL	61
11.2.	226 HZ TYMPANOMETRY — Y COMPENTATION ONLY	61
11.3.	1000 HZ TYMPANOMETRY	62
11.3	3.1. scalar Mode – y-compensation	62
11.3	3.2. Vector Mode – bg-compensation	62
	3.3. Component Mode – YBG	

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. THANK YOU

Thank you for purchasing an Amplivox Otowave 302, a desktop controlled impedance meter that will give many years of reliable service if treated with care.

This operating manual applies to the Otowave 302 which is available as a standard option (with 226Hz probe tone) and as an H-option (1000Hz probe tone in addition).

1.2. INTENDED APPLICATIONS

This instrument is designed for use by trained personnel only, such as audiologists, ENT surgeons, doctors, general practitioners, hearing aid dispensers, child health professionals and hearing healthcare professionals with a similar level of education. It is not recommended to utilize the equipment without the necessary knowledge and training.

The Otowave is to be used to obtain information on medical and functional conditions of the middle and outer ear as well as to assess hearing functions throughout acoustic reflex testing. The Otowave 302 can be used on all ages and performs the following kinds of measurements:

- **Tympanometry:** To measure the compliance of the tympanic membrane and middle ear at 226 or 1000 Hz over a range of pressures.
- Acoustic Reflex Testing: The Otowave measures both ipsilateral and contralateral acoustical reflexes. The tests are performed either at ambient or peak pressure, based on the outcome of the tympanometry.

1.3. CONTRADICTIONS

Always visually inspect the outer ear and the external auditory canal for abnormalities before testing. Testing should not be performed on patients in the following items is applicable.

- Acute external auditory canal trauma
- Discomfort (e.g. severe otitis externa)
- · Occlusion of the external auditory canal
- Discharging ear
- Recent stapedectomy or middle ear surgery
- Presence of tinnitus, hyperacusis or other sensitivity to loud sounds may contraindicate testing when high intensity stimuli are used



1.4. STANDARD AND OPTIONAL COMPONENTS

Shipping documentation will reference the stock number quoted above, and images of the parts alongside the relevant stock number are available on the Amplivox website (www.amplivox.ltd.uk). The required fitting instructions are supplied with each part.

	STANDARI	COMPONENTS	
Otowave 302 Tympanometer	8508021	Contralateral reflex transducer (probe tip & earpiece lead)	8502177 ¹
Power Supply - FW7660M/05	8006059	Set of disposable ear-tips	8029344 ¹
CD with Software (TympView and Noah impedance module) and Operating Manuals	8506719	4 in 1 cavity assembly (0.2 ml/0.5 ml/2.0 ml/5.0 ml)	8011362
Cable USB a to USB B (1.8 m)	8507230	Carrying case	8507539
Calibration certificate		Warranty card	

	OPTIONAL CO	MPONENTS	
Sanibel MPT-II Thermal Printer	8503007	Thermal Printer paper for Sanibel MPT-II	8029305
Probe tip for contralateral reflex transducer	8001118 ¹	Earpiece lead for contralateral reflex transducer	8004447
Additional sets of ear tips		Probe tip	8002592 ¹
Otowave probe assembly	W007 ¹	Seal (in probe tip)	8002009 ¹

OTHER COMPONENTS TO REORDER						
Printer cable – Otowave to Sanibel MPT-II	A102	Power supply for printer				
Probe tip for contralateral reflex transducer	8001118 ¹	Earpiece lead for contralateral reflex transducer	8004447			
Otowave probe assembly	W007 ¹	Seal (in probe tip)	8002009 ¹			
Ear tip Otowave 3-5mm	T205	Ear tip Otowave 4-7mm	T206			
Ear tip Otowave 7mm	T207	Ear tip Otowave 8mm	T208			
Ear tip Otowave 9mm	T209	Ear tip Otowave 10mm	T210			
Ear tip Otowave 11mm	T211	Ear tip Otowave 12mm	T212			
Ear tip Otowave 13mm	T213	Ear tip Otowave 14mm	T214			
Ear tip Otowave 15mm	T215	Ear tip Otowave 19mm	T219			

1.5. WARNINGS

Throughout this manual, the following meanings of warnings and cautions apply:

¹ Applied part as according to IEC 60601-1





The WARNING label identifies conditions or practices that may present danger to the patient and/or user.



The CAUTION label identifies conditions or practices that could result in damage to the equipment.



2. UNPACKING AND INSTALLATION

2.1. GENERAL

Please check the contents of the shipping carton against the delivery note to make sure that all items ordered have been included. If anything is missing, please contact the distributor who supplied the tympanometer or Amplivox if purchased directly.

Please retain the carton and packaging as the instrument will need calibrating on an annual basis and should be returned to Amplivox in its original shipping carton.



For supply in US only: Federal Law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a licensed medical professional.

2.2. MARKINGS

The following markings can be found:

Symbol	Explanation
∱	Type B applied parts. According to IEC 60601-1. Patient applied parts that are not conductive and can be immediately released from the patient.
(S)	Refer to instruction manual.
Z	WEEE (EU-directive) This symbol indicates that when the end-user wishes to discard this product, it must be sent to separate collection facilities for recovery and recycling. Failing to do so may endanger the environment.
CE	The CE-mark indicates that Amplivox Ltd. meets the requirements of Annex II of the Medical Device Directive 93/42/EEC. TÜV Product Service, Identification No. 0123, has approved the quality system.
SN	Serial number.
	Date of manufacture.
DC ===	The output from the mains AC adapter is Direct Current.
8	Do not re-use. Ear-tips and similar are for single use only.

*	Keep dry.
<u></u>	Transport and storage humidity range.
1	Transport and storage temperature range.
amplivox	Logo.
(h)	Turns the instrument on or off. Long press to turn off. Short press to wake the device from sleep mode (display off).

2.3. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

2.3.1. GENERAL

The following safety precautions must be observed at all times. General safety precautions must be followed when operating electrical equipment. Failure to observe these precautions could result in damage to the equipment and injury to the operator or patient.

The employer should instruct each employee in the recognition and avoidance of unsafe conditions and the regulations applicable to his or her work environment to control or eliminate any hazards or other exposure to illness or injury.

Amplivox Ltd. is aware that safety rules within individual organizations vary. If a conflict exists between the instructions in this manual and the rules of the organization using this instrument, the more stringent rules should take precedence.

The Otowave 302 is intended to be used by hearing healthcare professionals (i.e. ENT doctors, audiologists), nurses or technicians who have been trained in the proper use of the device.

2.3.2. CAUTIONS – GENERAL



If the system is not functioning properly, do not operate it until all necessary repairs are made and the unit is tested and calibrated for proper functioning in accordance with Amplivoxs' specifications.

Do not drop or in any other way cause undue impact to this device. If the instrument is damaged, return it to the manufacturer for repair and/or calibration. Do not use the instrument if any damage is suspected.

This product and its components will perform reliably only when operated and maintained in accordance with the instructions contained in this manual, accompanying labels, and/or inserts. A defective product should



not be used. Make sure all connections to external accessories are secured properly. Parts which may be broken or missing or are visibly worn, distorted, or contaminated should be replaced immediately with clean, genuine replacement parts manufactured by or available from Amplivox Ltd.

Equipment is not user repairable. Repairs must be performed by an authorized service representative only. No modifications of the equipment are allowed by anyone other than a qualified Amplivox Ltd. representative. Modification of the equipment could be hazardous.

Amplivox Ltd. will make available on request circuit diagrams, component part lists, descriptions, calibrations instructions, or other information that will assist authorized service personnel to repair those parts of this instrument that are designated by Amplivox Ltd. as repairable by service personnel.

No parts of the equipment can be serviced or maintained while in use with the patient.

Connect only accessories purchased from Amplivox Ltd. to the Otowave 302. Only accessories which have been stated by Amplivox Ltd. to be compatible are allowed to be connected to the device or cradle.

To comply with the standards IEC 60601-1 for safety and IEC 60601-1-2 for electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) the tympanometer is designed to be used only with the medically-approved mains adapter supplied, which is specified as part of the equipment. **Do not use any other type of mains adapter with this instrument.**

The output from the mains adapter is fitted with electronic circuit protection. In case of overload the adapter will shut down and the indicator will be extinguished. When the fault is cleared the adapter will operate as normal.

The input to the mains adapter is protected with a non-replaceable fuse. If this fails the adapter will not operate.

The mains adapter is the mains disconnect device and therefore the tympanometer should be positioned such that easy access to the mains adapter is possible.

2.3.3. ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS





Use and store the instrument indoors only. It is recommended that the instrument be operated within an ambient temperature range of 15 $^{\circ}$ C / 59 $^{\circ}$ F to 35 $^{\circ}$ C / 95 $^{\circ}$ F and in relative humidity between 30 $^{\circ}$ % and 90 $^{\circ}$ % (noncondensing).

Do not use the device in the presence of fluid that can come into contact with any of the electronic components or wiring. Should the user suspect fluids have contacted the system components or accessories, the unit should not be used until deemed safe by an authorized service technician.

As with all instruments of this nature the measurements taken will be influenced by significant changes in altitude & pressure. The Otowave 302 tympanometer must be re-calibrated if it is to be used at elevations greater than 800 m above mean sea level.



2.3.4. ELECTRICAL AND ELECTROSTATIC SAFETY



Before performing any service to the insert earphones you must uncouple the Otowave 302 transducers from the patient.



Do not touch the contacts on the back of the instrument and the patient at the same time. The consequence could be a too high leakage current to the patient.

Do not open the case of the instrument. Refer servicing to qualified personnel.

This equipment is intended to be connected to other equipment thus forming a Medical Electrical System. External equipment intended for connection to signal input, signal output or other connectors must comply with the relevant product standard e.g. IEC 60950-1 for IT equipment and the IEC 60601-series for medical electrical equipment. In addition, all such combinations – Medical Electrical Systems – must comply with the safety requirements stated in the general standard IEC 60601-1, (edition 3.1), clause 16. Any equipment not complying with the leakage current requirements in IEC 60601-1 must be kept outside the patient environment i.e. at least 1.5m from the patient support or must be supplied via a separation transformer to reduce the leakage currents. Any person who connects external equipment to signal input, signal output or other connectors has formed a Medical Electrical System and is therefore responsible for the system to comply with these requirements. If in doubt, contact a qualified medical technician or your local representative. When the instrument is connected to a PC, or other similar items, beware of not touching the PC and patient simultaneously.

A Separation Device (isolation device) is needed to isolate the equipment located outside the patient environment from the equipment located inside the patient environment. In particular such a Separation Device is required when a network connection is made. The requirement for the Separation Device is defined in IEC 60601-1 clause 16.

Do not use any additional multiple socket-outlet or extension cord. Use only FW7660M/05 Power Supply.

2.3.5. ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY (EMC)



Although the instrument fulfills the relevant EMC requirements, precautions should be taken to avoid unnecessary exposure to electromagnetic fields, e.g., from mobile phones, etc. If the device is used adjacent to other equipment it must be observed that no mutual disturbance appears. Please also refer to the appendix regarding EMC.

2.3.6. EXPLOSION HAZARDS



Risk of explosion.

Do not use in the presence of flammable anesthetics or other gases.

Do NOT use in the presence of flammable gaseous mixtures. Users should consider the possibility of explosions or fire when using this device in close proximity to flammable anesthetic gases.

Do NOT use the Otowave 302 in a highly oxygen-enriched environment, such as a hyperbaric chamber, oxygen tent, etc.



2.3.7. MEASURING SECURITY

To guarantee that the Otowave 302 works properly, the instrument should be checked and calibrated at least once a year. The transducers supplied with the tympanometer are specifically calibrated with it; if these transducers are changed recalibration will be required.

The service and calibration must be performed by an authorized service technician. If these checks are not performed, EU Medical Device Directive (MDD) and other regulations may be violated and warranties may be void.

The use of non-calibrated devices can lead to incorrect test results and is not advisable.

2.3.8. MISCELLANEOUS

Please note: DO NOT connect the Otowave 302 hardware to the computer before the software has been installed!

Storage in temperatures below 0°C /32°F and above 50°C /122°F may cause permanent damage to the instrument and its accessories.

Do not place the instrument next to a heat source of any kind.

Great care should be exercised when handling transducers, as rough handling, for example dropping onto a hard surface may break or damage the parts.



Within the European Union it is illegal to dispose of electrical and electronic waste as unsorted municipal waste. Electrical and electronic waste may contain hazardous substances and therefore have to be disposed of separately. Such products will be marked with the crossed-out wheelie-bin image shown to the left. User cooperation is important in order to ensure a high level of reuse and recycling of electrical and electronic waste. Failure to recycle such waste products in an appropriate way may endanger the environment and consequently the health of human beings.

Outside the European Union, local regulations should be followed when disposing of the product after its end of life.

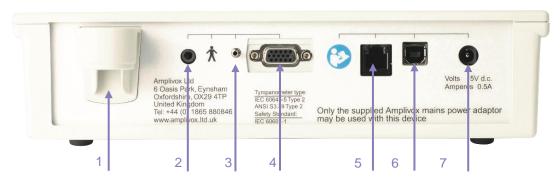
2.3.9. USE OF EQUIPMENT AFTER TRANSPORT AND STORAGE

Please make sure that the instrument is functioning correctly before use. If the instrument has been stored in a cold environment (even for short period of time), please allow the instrument to become acclimatized. This can take long time depending on the conditions (such as environmental humidity). You can reduce the condensation by storing the instrument in its original packaging. If the instrument is stored under warmer conditions than the actual use conditions no special precaution is required before use. Always ensure proper operation of the instrument by following routine check procedures for audiometric equipment.



2.4. CONNECTIONS

All connections are made to the rear panel of the tympanometer as shown below.



Probe holder Cavity to store probe while not in use 1 2 Contra phone Contralateral transducer 3.5mm jack Air channel 3 Connection of probe (pressure) Push-fit connector Connection of probe (electrical) Probe 15-way D connector Printer Connection of external printer RJ12 socket (6-way) 6 USB Connection for computer (via USB port) USB Connector, Type B Power Mains AC/DC Adapter 2.5mm power jack

Please note: Only connect the accessories supplied with the instrument or supplied by Amplivox or an Amplivox distributor. These parts have been tested for use with the Amplivox Otowave 302 tympanometer for compliance with the standards IEC 60601-1 and IEC 60601-1-2. The use of accessories other than those specified may compromise compliance with these standards.



2.5. CONTROLS AND INDICATORS (BASE UNIT)

The Otowave consists of an LCD screen, three button groups in total to operate the instrument and three status LEDs.



a Power indicator (LED a)

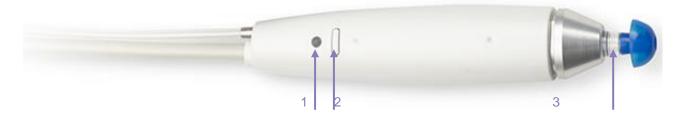
Lights up as soon as the instrument is powered through the mains adapters (also when the instrument is switched off).

- b Indicator LED b
- Indicates if testing is in process or not.
- c Indicator LED c
- Indicates if testing is in process or not.
- 1 On/Off switch
- Short press to switch on the device, long press to switch it off.
- 2 Navigation keys
- Press the up ▲ and down ▼ navigation keys to scroll through the menus or set values
- Press the right navigation key ➤ to accept a menu choice or go to the next step.
- Press the left navigation key ◀ to cancel an operation or go back to the previous step.
- The function of the left and right keys is usually shown on the bottom line of the display.
- 3 Display Mode

Quick view of the test settings currently used or change of baselinemode.



2.6. CONTROLS AND INDICATORS (PROBE)



1 Indicator light Indicates if testing is in process or not.

2 Function button Quick view of the test settings currently used or change of baselinemode.

3 Probe tip with ear tip

2.6.1. THE PROBE HEAD



1 Boss and Nut Connection on probe body for attaching nose cone

2 Seal rubber Gasket used to ensure air flow

3 **Probe tip** Transparent probe tip housing the seal rubber

4 Nose cone Top part of probe to securely fasten probe tip and seal rubber

To remove the probe tip, unscrew the nose cone and remove the probe tip from the boss. A small seal will be found in the base of the probe tip. This should be examined and replaced if it is blocked or damaged. Do not remove the nut securing the boss to the probe body.

When replacing the probe tip, ensure that the seal is correctly located with the flat side aligned with the flat side within the base of the probe tip. Push the probe tip over the boss and replace the nose cone. Make sure that the nose cone is screwed home firmly but do not over-tighten. Do not use any tools to tighten the nose cone.

After replacing the tip a Daily Check should be carried out (refer to chapter 4.6).

2.7. LIGHT INDICATORS

The indicators on the Otowave and the probe show the status of the system.

STATUS	LED B	LED C	PROBE
Otowave turned off	Off	Off	Off
Idle, test completed or test cancelled	On	Off	Flashing (fast)
Insert probe or remove probe (refer to display for details)	Flashing (fast)	Flashing (fast)	Color alternating (Green / Yellow)
Ensure probe is held steady while an ear seal is obtained	Off	Flashing (slow)	Yellow flashing (slow)
Testing - tympanogram and/or reflex measurement	Flashing (slow)	Off	Green flashing (slow)

2.8. CONTRALATERAL TRANSDUCER



Ear tip Ear tip to be placed on probe tip of contra phone

Probe tip
Probe tip screwed onto contra phone

3 Plug Connector to CONTRA socket on Otowave

The contralateral transducer is used when it is required to provide a reflex stimulus to the opposite ear to that being tested with the main probe assembly. For use it should be connected to the **CONTRA** socket on the base unit and fitted with a new ear tip.

The contralateral probe tip may be replaced if necessary (e.g. if damaged). To remove the contralateral probe tip, carefully unscrew it from the body of the transducer. Carefully fit the replacement part and make sure that it is screwed home firmly but do not over-tighten. Do not use any tools to tighten the contralateral probe tip.

2.9. CHOOSING THE CORRECT EAR TIP SIZE

The probe tip must be fitted with a new ear tip before it is presented to a patient's ear canal. If a contralateral reflex stimulus is to be applied, fit a new ear tip to the contralateral transducer before presenting it to the patient's opposite ear canal.

Please note: Never insert the probe or the contralateral transducer into a patient's ear canal without a suitable ear tip fitted.





The ear tip size is chosen based on the diameter of the external of the ear canal and should suit the patient's ear but also provide a comfortable pressure seal.

Ensure that the ear tip is pushed all the way down on the probe tip and that there is no gab between probe tip and ear tip.

The small holes through the Otowave probe tip must be kept clear. If these become blocked a warning message will be displayed. The probe tip must be cleaned or removed and replaced.

2.10. HARDWARE INSTALLATION

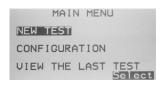
The instrument is shipped with the probe attached to the Otowave. The instrument is designed for continuous operation and is powered by a mains adapter. Connect the output lead from the adapter into the **POWER** input socket on the back of the Otowave. When power, the indicator on the adapter and the **Power indicator (LED a)** on the Otowave will both illuminate green, showing that the instrument is ready for use.

If a contralateral transducer was purchased for contralateral reflex testing, connect the transducer to the **CONTRA socket (2)** on the base unit and fitted.

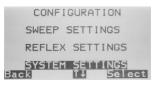
2.11. INITIAL SETTINGS

2.11.1. OPERATING LANGUAGE

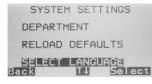
The instrument will be set in English by default. To change the operating language (English, German, French, Spanish, Portuguese or Italian) ensure you start from the **MAIN MENU**.



MAIN MENU
Select down ▼ 1x.
Confirm with ▶.



CONFIGURATIONSelect down ▼ 2x.
Confirm with ►.



SYSTEM SETTINGS
Select down ▼ 8x.
Confirm with ▶.



SELECT LANGUAGE
Select language with ▲ /
▼.
Store with ▶.

2.11.2. DATE AND TIME

The Otowave is equipped with a real-time clock. Before use, please set the date & time to local values in order to ensure that test data and calibration status are correctly identified.



2.12. THE MPT-II PRINTER

2.12.1. INSTALLING THE MPT-II PRINTER

The Sanibel MPT-II thermal printer is available as an option for use with the Otowave 302 and is connected using the cable supplied. The printer may be specified when ordering and only this printer should be used. It will be correctly configured for use.



1. Open the lid by pushing on the sides, insert paper roll as shown, and close the lid.



2. Insert the battery.

2.12.2. SWITCHING THE PRINTER ON AND OFF



Push POWER BUTTON for two seconds in order to power ON or OFF. One short beep will be heard at power ON, two short beeps at power OFF.

The green power indicator will be lit if the printer is powered by battery.

2.12.3. USING THE PRINTER

Printer self-test:

While printer is powered **OFF**, press and hold **PAPER FEED** button, then press

and hold **POWER BUTTON** simultaneously. When beep is heard after approx. 3 seconds, release both buttons, and a test page will print with information on current status and character samples.

Paper feed:

process:

When powered, press **PAPER FEED** button. Paper will feed as long as the button is pressed.

- Connect the printer via the cable with the device
- ConnectingPower on printer
 - Select print option in otowave

Please note: Do not have several printers powered on and within range while searching.



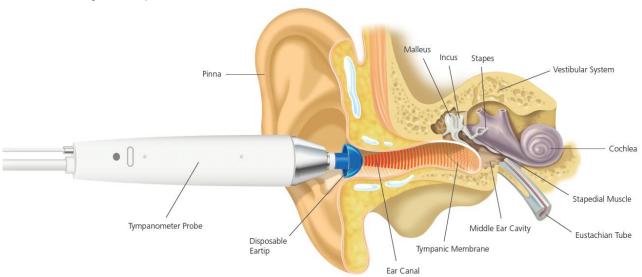
3. PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

3.1. OTOSCOPIC EXAMINATION

A suitably-qualified health care professional should perform a thorough otoscopic examination to establish that the condition of the ear is suitable for the test options selected and that no contraindications are present. The latter would include obstruction of the external ear canal due to excessive wax and/or hairs, both of which would need to be removed. This is required to ensure that the probe tone delivered by the probe are able to reach the ear drum and are not reflected by cerumen or debris and thereby alter the test result.

3.2. PRINCIPALS OF ADMITTANCE MEASUREMENT

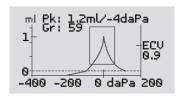
The Otowave 302 measures the admittance of the tympanic membrane and middle ear by playing a continuous tone into the ear canal at either 226 Hz or 1000 Hz. The level of this tone is calibrated to give 85 dB SPL (226 Hz) or 79 dB SPL (1000 Hz) into a 2 ml cavity. The sound level this produces in the ear canal is measured using a microphone and the admittance calculated from the result.



In line with normal audiometric practice admittance is displayed as an equivalent volume of air in ml (for 226 Hz) or mmho/m \mho (for 1000 Hz). The residual ear canal volume between the probe and the tympanic membrane is always displayed in ml; when using a 1000 Hz probe tone the measured value in mmho is converted to ml using a conversion factor of 226/1000.

3.3. TYMPANOGRAM

Tympanometry is part of the objective impedance test battery and provides information about the middle ear mobility and pressure in the middle ear system.



To record the tympanogram, the admittance is measured while the air pressure in the ear canal is varied from +200 daPa to -400 daPa by means of a small pump. The admittance peaks when the air pressure is the same on both sides of the tympanic membrane. The change of admittance with pressure is displayed graphically.



3.4. ACOUSTIC REFLEX MEASUREMENT

Using the same principle as in tympanometry measures, it is also possible to establish whether an acoustical reflex is present. The acoustic reflex is caused by the contraction of the stapedial muscle as a response to high-intensity stimulation of the ear. The acoustic reflex is also a natural protection of the inner ear from too high sound pressure levels and thereby damage of the hearing organ.

In acoustic reflex testing, the 226Hz tone is used to measure the admittance of the ear, while a short tone at a different frequency is presented (the reflex stimulus). The level of this stimulus is increased in steps until the stapedial muscles respond causing the tympanic membrane to become stiffer, or a preset maximum level is reached. When the change in admittance exceeds a predetermined threshold this constitutes a reflex and the change in admittance at that level when the stimulus is applied is displayed as a plot against time.

The stapedial reflex is measured at the static ear canal pressure that produces the maximum membrane admittance, so reflex measurements are taken after the tympanogram is measured when the peak admittance pressure has been established.

The reflex stimulus may be produced in the ear being measured (ipsilateral mode), the opposite ear (contralateral mode) or in both ears (ipsilateral mode followed by contralateral mode). For contralateral stimulation the reflex tone is produced in a separate transducer supplied with the instrument.



4. USING THE OTOWAVE

4.1. GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

When operating the instrument, please observe the following general precautions:



- 1. Use this device only as described in this manual.
- 2. Use only the disposable ear tips designed for use with this instrument.
- 3. Always use a new ear tip for each patient to avoid cross-contamination. The ear tips are not designed for reuse.
- 4. Never insert the probe tip into the ear canal without affixing an ear tip as omission may damage the patient's ear canal.
- 5. Keep the box of ear tips outside the reach of the patient.
- 6. Be sure to insert the probe tip in a way which will ensure a tight fit without causing any harm to the patient. Use of a correct and clean ear tip is mandatory.
- 7. Be sure to use only stimulation intensities acceptable to the patient. When presenting contralateral stimuli using the insert phones do not insert the phones or in any way try to conduct measurements, without a correct insert ear tip in place.
- 8. Clean the probe and insert phones regularly using a recognized disinfectant.
- 9. Clean the probe tip regularly to ensure wax or other debris stuck in the probe tip does not affect the measurement.
- 10. Contraindications to testing include recent stapedectomy or middle ear surgery, a discharging ear, acute external auditory canal trauma, discomfort (e.g, severe otitis externa) or occlusion of the external auditory canal. Testing should not be performed on patients with such symptoms without a medical doctor's approval.
- 11. The presence of tinnitus, hyperacusis or other sensitivity to loud sounds may contraindicate testing when high intensity stimuli are used.



Please note:

Careful handling of the instrument whenever in contact with a patient should be given high priority. Calm and stable positioning while testing is preferred for optimal accuracy.

- Never clean the transducer housing with water or insert non-specified instruments into the transducer.
- 2. Do not drop and avoid other undue impact to this device. If the instrument is dropped or in any other way damaged, return it to the manufacturer for repair and/or calibration. Do not use the instrument if any damage is suspected.



4.2. SWITCHING THE INSTRUMENT ON AND OFF



Select the on/off button for 1 s to switch the instrument on. You will see a small hourglass in the middle of the display indicating that the instrument is powering on. No warm-up time is required, although a short diagnostic routine will run for a few seconds. During this time the internal pump will operate.

To switch the instrument off again, hold the button for approx. 2 s and the instrument and LED b will turn off.

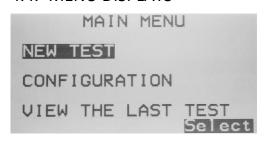
Please note: The power indicator (LED a) will light as long as the instrument is connected through the mains.

4.3. HIGH FREQUENCY OPTION



If the instrument is configured for high frequency operation can be verified when switching the instrumentation on. On the boot-up screen the Amplivox logo will show and below the product name with an 'H' in addition, to symbolize that the high frequency test option is enabled.

4.4. MENU DISPLAYS



When the start-up sequence is complete the **MAIN MENU** is displayed. From here, you can reach different submenus.

Use the navigation keys (up \blacktriangle and down $\blacktriangledown)$ to scroll through the options and select submenus.

To select a submenu select the right navigation key ▶.



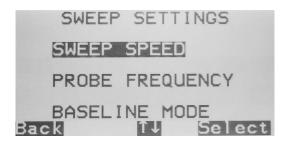
To be brought one menu back, push the left navigation key

The following submenus can be reached from the MAIN MENU:

- New Test
- Configuration
- View the last Test
- Daily Check
- Data Management
- System Information



4.5. CONFIGURATION



The configuration submenu contains the following settings:

- Sweep Settings (Tympanometry only)
- Reflex Settings (Acoustic reflex only)
- System Settings (General)

4.5.1. SWEEP SETTINGS

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
Sweep Speed:	The rate of change of air pressure may be selected to be 100daPa/s 200daPa/s or 300daPa/s. This determines the time taken for a pressure sweep from +200 to -400 daPa (6, 3 and 2 seconds, respectively).	200 daPa/s
Probe Frequency:	If the instrument is configured for high frequency operation the probe tone frequency may be set to 226Hz or 1000Hz.	226 Hz
Baseline Mode:	The Otowave 302 can display tympanograms in a variety of graphical formats allowing the operator to choose the most appropriate for the patient under examination. Please refer to the appendix for further information on how to use the Baseline mode	226 Hz
Ear Seal Check:	The STANDARD option is adequate for most tests, although it may not always be possible to generate the extremes of pressure during a tymopanogram measurement with this setting. If difficulty is experienced in using the ear tips to create a seal the alternative EXTENDED option may be helpful. This function checks that a range of pressures will be available before starting a test by means of a visual indication of the quality of the seal. The EXTENDED function is especially helpful if small ear canal volumes should not experience excessive pressure.	Standard



4.5.2. REFLEX SETTINGS



Video available on how to add ipsilateral reflexes to test protocol.

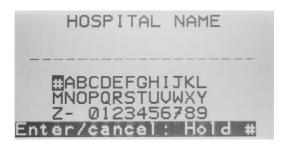
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
Reflex Sequence:	Choose the type of reflex stimulus to apply: ipsilateral only, ipsilateral followed by contralateral or contralateral only.	Ipsi
Reflex Levels:	Choose ipsilateral or contralateral and press the ▶ key to confirm the selection.	95 dB 5 dB steps
	Then use the ▲ and ▼ keys to choose the maximum level of reflex stimulus to apply and the step size between the levels of the preceding stimuli. The maximum level of ipsilateral stimulus may be set between 85dBHL and 100dBHL; the maximum level of contralateral stimulus may be set between 85dBHL and 110dBHL.	
Reflex Frequencies:	Use the ▼ key to scroll through the frequencies available for each of the ipsilateral and contralateral stimuli (500Hz, 1000Hz, 2000Hz & 4000Hz), and then the ▲ key to select (✓) or deselect (-) the frequencies at which the reflex stimulus is to be applied. Then press ▶ to save the entire selection.	1kHz ipsi
Reflex Selection:	Choose the circumstances when a reflex measurement is to be made (always, never, only if an admittance peak is found, or only after confirmation is made at the start of the test sequence).	Only if peak found
	In cases where an admittance peak has not been established a pressure of 0daPa is used.	
Reflex Threshold:	Choose the change in admittance required to signify that a reflex response has been detected (0.01ml to 0.5ml).	0.03 ml
Reflex Auto-Stop:	By default the reflex test at each frequency will stop at the lowest level of stimulus that produces a response.	Yes
	By setting Reflex Auto-Stop to NO the Otowave will test for a reflex at all selected levels.	
Reflex Filter:	Choose either 2Hz or 1.5Hz. 2Hz is suitable for most circumstances.	2 Hz
	If a smoother reflex plot is required for better interpretation 1.5Hz may be chosen.	



4.5.3. SYSTEM SETTINGS

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
Set Time/Date:	Set the internal clock date and time. Use the ◀ and ▶ keys to select a field and the ▲ and ▼ keys to adjust the value.	
LCD Contrast:	Adjust the display contrast using the ▲ and ▼ keys.	
LCD Brightness:	Adjust the display brightness using the ▲ and ▼ keys.	
Report Cal. Dates:	Select PRINT CAL. DATES to show the serial number for the base unit and the transducers on the print-out provided by the Sanibel Thermal printer.	PRINT CAL. Dates
Set Date Format:	Set the format of how the date is displayed: DD/MM/YY or MM/DD/YY	DD/MM/YY
Hospital Name:	Allows the Hospital name to be entered. The name will appear at the top of the print out.	
Department:	Allows the Department name to be entered. The name will appear at the top of the print out.	
Reload Defaults:	Reset the instrument to its original settings.	
Select Language:	Change the operation language to English, German, French, Spanish, Portuguese or Italian.	

Data entry of Hospital Name and Department:



To enter the data use the ▲ ▼ ◀ and ▶ keys to select a character. Press and hold the ▶ key to enter the selected character. To delete the last character, press and hold the ◀ key.

In order to save the entry, move the selection on the **#-key** and hold the ▶ key. The selection will now be stored.

To cancel the entry, move the selection on the **#-key** and hold the ◀ key. You will be brought back to the **SYSTEM SETTINGS.**



4.6. DAILY CHECK

The operation of the Otowave should be checked daily using the 4-in-1-test cavity assembly supplied with the instrument.



Select the **DAILY CHECK** option in the main menu and wait until **INSERT PROBE** is displayed.

Insert the probe, without an ear tip, into the hole at the 2ml end of the test cavity. Make sure that the probe is pushed fully home and is held tight against the stop. The probe must be square to the end of the test cavity.

The display should show the volume of the test cavity to within ± 0.1 ml.

Remove the probe, wait until **INSERT PROBE** is displayed and repeat the test with the three remaining test cavities.

The display should show the volume of the 0.2ml, & 0.5ml test cavities to within $\pm 0.1ml$.

The volume of the 5.0ml test cavity should be shown within ± 0.25ml.

4.7. DISPLAY MODE



To view the current selected test settings ensure that the **MAIN MENU** is displayed and then press and hold the function button on the probe to display the **TEST SETTINGS** screen as shown below.



1 **Probe:** Frequency being used for tympanometry (226 or 1000 Hz).

2 Reflexes: Ear sides tested (ipsilateral or contralateral).

3 Frequencies and Selected frequencies for reflex testing (marked with a ✓ when selected), max.

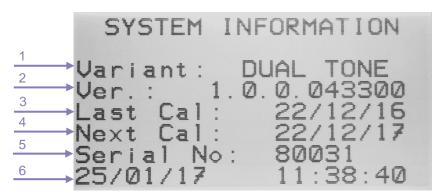
Level: level to test and step size.

4 Probe #: Serial number of probe used.

5 Contra #: Serial number of contra phone calibrated to equipment.



4.8. SYSTEM INFORMATION



1 Variant: Instrument version (Dual Tone = High Frequency option

enabled)

Ver.: Firmware version
Last Cal: Last calibration date
Next Cal: Next calibration date

Serial No: Serial number of Otowave
 Date and Time: User defined date and time



4.9. PERFORMING A TEST

4.9.1. SELECTING THE EAR SIDE

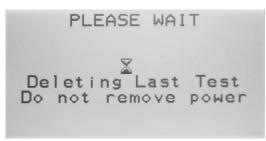
Having selected the required test settings a typical tympanogram measurement and reflex tests are carried out as follows. Highlight **NEW TEST** and push the right navigation key be to continue with the selection.



Select the ear(s) required for test (BOTH signifies LEFT followed by RIGHT).

Selecting the right navigation key ▶ will start the test procedure.

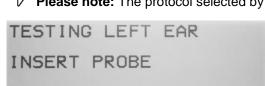
Press < at any time to cancel the test and return to the ear selection menu.



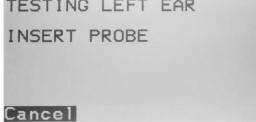
Please note: Continuing with the test procedure will delete the last recorded test results, stored in the short-term memory of the instrument.

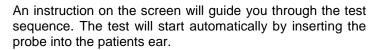
4.9.2. PERFORMING TYMPANOMETRY

Depending on the protocol selected, the test sequence will perform both tympanometry and acoustic reflex testing in one run without removing the probe.

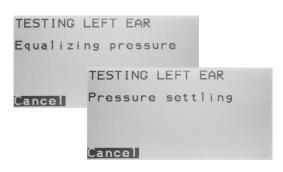


Please note: The protocol selected by default runs a tympanogram together with ipsilateral reflexes.





Insert the probe into the test ear. While the probe placement is evaluated, indicator LED b and c on the device will light up alternating as well as the indicator light on the probe will change it's color from yellow to green by turns to indicate the test start.



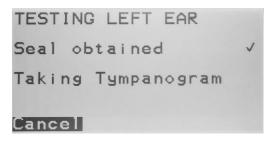
Once an adequate seal is detected the tympanogram measurement is made. This takes about 3 seconds. It is important not to move the probe and to ask the patient to remain very still during the test.

TROUBLESHOOTING:

In some cases no pressure can be build up and the test sequence will stay in the EQUALIZE PRESSURE SCREEN. This situation can occur for the several reasons. Solution this issue can be found tο TROUBLESHOOTING SECTION.

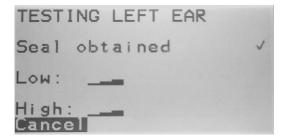


STANDARD EAR SEAL CHECK



The default **STANDARD** option only shows if a seal could be obtained.

EXTENDED EAR SEAL CHECK



The EXTENDED EAR SEAL CHECK shows a number of bars indicating the robustness of the seal.

The probe should be adjusted in the ear until two or more bars are shown for LOW and HIGH.

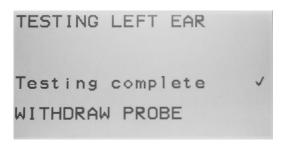
LOW: The pump is moved by a fixed distance in an attempt to reduce the pressure in the ear, and is held in that position. If the measured pressure reduces by a minimum amount, and remains low (within present tolerances), the seal is considered OK.

HIGH: The process is repeated, at a pressure higher than ambient. Otherwise, the process restarts. If the higher pressure is sufficiently above the ambient pressure, and is held, the seal is good and the pump goes just above the starting pressure

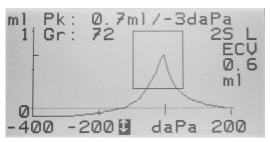
The method used for the extended ear seal check places a maximum limit on the ear canal volume of ~4.5 ml.

As soon as the pressure can be established, the tympanometry measurement will be performed.

During the actual testing phase, the indicator LED b on the device and the indicator light on the probe will pulse in a green light.



When the test sequence is completed, **LED b** on the device and the indicator light on the probe will continuously light in a green color. Also, the instruction on the screen will ask you to remove the probe from the patients ear.



As soon as the probe is removed from the ear, the test result for the ear measured will show on the screen.

Please note: If BOTH EARS had been selected to be tested, the test sequence of the other ear will be continued from the test review screen. Selecting the right navigation key ▶ will start the test procedure on the other ear.



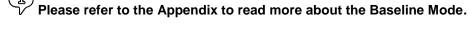
After the test has been successfully performed, three different actions (print, store, review) can be taken from here in order to proceed working with the data obtained. Selecting the right navigation key ▶ will bring you to **PROCESS RESULTS** screen from where the data can be printed, stored or reviewed again.

4.9.3. UNDERSTANDING THE TYMPANOMETRY TEST RESULT



- 1 y-axis label, in ml for 226 Hz and mmho for 1000 Hz.
- 2 y-axis, ranging from 0 to 1 ml in this example.
- 3 x-axis, default baseline offset, ranging from -400 daPa to +200daPa in this example.
- 4 Values defining compliance curve based on cursor position (9) and the Baseline Mode (5)
 - Pk (Peak): Volume in ml or mmho, pressure in daPa
 - Gr (Gradient): Width of compliance curve at half of peak compliance in daPa
- **5** Baseline Mode to show tympanogram
 - 226 Hz: Y-only compensation, 2S or 4S mode (scalar mode).
 - **1000 Hz:** Y-only compensation 2S and 4S mode, B-G compensation 2V and 4V (vector mode), admittance (Y) or susceptance (B) or conductance (G) view.

The view is changed with either the **Display Mode** (base unit) or the **Function button** (probe).



- **6** Ear side, L for left and R for right.
- 7 The Ear Canal Volume (ECV) in ml measured at the Baseline Mode (5).
- 8 Normative box (not available for 1000 Hz tympanometry).
- **9** Pressure cursor to be operated with up ▲ and down ▼ navigation keys.



4.9.4. PERFORMING TYMPANOMETRY AND ACOUSTIC REFLEX TESTING



Video available on how to run a test.

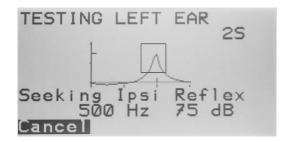
Before starting an acoustic reflex test, a tympanometry is performed first. The tympanometry measurement is performed the same way as described in chapter 4.9.2. The tympanogram will be followed immediately by an acoustic reflex test.

Performing a tympanometry before the reflex test is recommended, so the ear canal pressure will be set to the value that gave the peak admittance during the tympanogram test.



TROUBLESHOOTING:

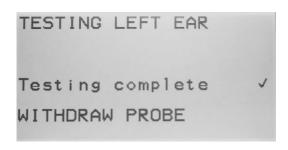
By default the acoustic reflex testing is only performed if a peak is found in the tympanogram. This setting can be changed in the **CONFIGURATION** menu.



The acoustic reflex test screen consists of the preview of the measured tympanogram. Underneath the graph, the tested ear side, the test frequency and intensity are listed. The reflex test starts with the lowest frequency and level selected.

The instrument will then step through the tone frequencies and levels set in the **CONFIGURATION** menu searching for a reflex response.

Please note: If contralateral testing is enabled, the ipsilateral reflexes are tested first.



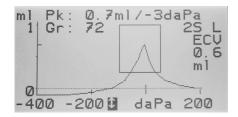
When the measurement is complete the indicator on the probe changes from flashing green to steady green. The display confirms that the test has been completed along with the instruction **WITHDRAW PROBE**.

After the test has been successfully performed, three different actions can be taken from here in order to proceed working with the data obtained. Selecting the right navigation key ▶ will bring you to **PROCESS RESULTS** screen from where the data can be printed, stored or reviewed again.



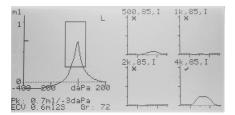
4.9.5. UNDERSTANDING THE ACOUSTIC REFLEX TEST RESULT

The navigation key ▶ and ◄ are required to navigate in the reflex result screens.



The acoustic reflex result screens will always start to show the tympanogram first.

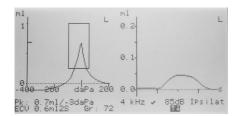
Selecting the navigation key will minimize the tympanogram and show the reflex additionally (combined view).



The combined view shows a smaller tympanogram and the measured reflexes for either the threshold measured or the loudest intensity presented, if no threshold could be found.

Selecting the navigation key will show the full tympanogram view again. Selecting the right navigation key will show the reflex measures in more detail, depending on the **REFLEX AUTOSTART** function.

REFLEX AUTOSTART ON



If Reflex autostop has been selected the tympanogram remains on the left hand side of the screen with a larger scale trace of the reflex at the lowest selected frequency with the lowest level that gave a response.

Select the \blacktriangle \blacktriangledown keys to move scroll through the different frequencies.

REFLEX AUTOSTART OFF



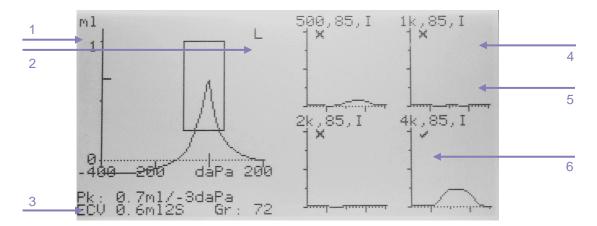
If Reflex autostop has not been selected the larger scale trace of the reflex at the lowest frequency with the lowest level that gave a response is shown on the left hand side of the screen.

A summary of the levels and frequencies at which a reflex tone was presented is shown on the right hand side of the screen along with the result of the test ("\scrtim*" if a reflex was found, otherwise "X"). The dash symbol "-" is shown if a reflex tone was not presented at the level indicated.

Selecting the navigation key ◀ will show the four frequencies again. Selecting the navigation key ▶ will show the **PROCESS RESULTS** screen, from where the measurement outcomes can be processed.

If contralateral reflex measurements were taken pressing the ▶ key will display similar results for these reflexes.





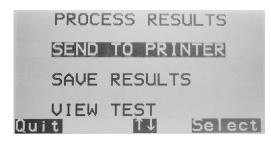
- 1 Tympanogram on the left hand side and the four reflex traces shown on the right.
- **2** Ear side, L for left and R for right.
- 3 Values defining compliance curve based on cursor position (9) and the Baseline Mode (5)
 - Pk (Peak): Volume in ml or mmho, pressure in daPa
 - The Ear Canal Volume (ECV) in ml measured at the Baseline Mode (5).
 - Gr (Gradient): Width of compliance curve at half of peak compliance in daPa
- **4** Four reflex traces, containing frequency of the reflex stimulus, lowest level of tone (dBHL) at which a reflex was found and the type of reflex stimulus used (I for ipsilateral, C for contralateral).
- 5 Grafical display of reflex. To view the reflex traces in more detail press ▶. One of two displays will then be shown depending on whether or not Reflex autostop has been selected.
 - **Single frequency used:** Diagrams contain the different levels tested for the specific frequency.
 - **Several frequencies used:** each diagram represents 1 frequency, showing only the intensity where a reflex was detected.
- 6 "✓" if a reflex was found, otherwise "X"



4.10. IMMIDIATE PROCESS OF RESULTS

4.10.1. GENERAL

After a test has been finished, the data can either be printer and/or stored to the internal database of the instrument or the NOAH or the Amplivox TympView.



From the test result screen select the right navigation key until the PROCESS RESULTS screen is reached.

From here the following options are given:

- Print the current record
- Save the current record
- View the record again
- Return to the MAIN MENU



To be brought one menu back, push the left navigation key

4.10.2. SENDING RESULTS TO A PRINTER

The 302 can be upgraded with an option to allow connection via the supplied cable to the designated portable Sanibel MPT-II thermal printer for printing test results. Upon receipt of the printer it must be initially charged for a minimum of 15 hours prior to use.

Please note that thermal paper printouts can fade with exposure to light or heat. Consider transferring the data to a computer for permanent storage.

To print the results of the last test select **SEND TO PRINTER** from the **PROCESS RESULTS** menu on completion of the test. The printing process has to be confirmed by pressing **SELECT** again. The Otowave will then attempt to connect to the printer.

To stop the print operation (for example if a printer is not connected) press ◀ to select Cancel.

The print out consists of the three characters printed in the **NAME** field followed by the Otowave graphical displays, the analysis and the results. There is space for additional details to be handwritten by the clinician (patient's full name/age, operator & comments). Also, the name of the hospital, the department, and the calibration dates for the instrument may also be printed if required (refer to chapter 4.5.3). After successful printing the **PROCESS RESULTS** menu is displayed.



Please note:

- When printing one test result, the print out will contain the last selected baseline mode.
- When printing several test results, the print out will contain the stored baseline mode.

4.10.3. SAVING RESULTS TO THE INTERNAL DATABASE

Up to 36 tests can be stored in the Otowave's internal database.

To save the results of a test select **SAVE RESULTS** from the **PROCESS RESULTS** menu that is displayed on completion of a test. This option can also be accessed by selecting **VIEW THE LAST TEST** from the main menu and scrolling through the results using the ▶ key as long as the test results have not already been saved or deleted (e.g. by starting and then aborting a new test).



A three character identifier is used for the record. This is also used as the reference for the patient's name on the printed record and for data transferred to a computer.

The identifier would typically be the patient's initials, and as the tympanometer uses a combination of this identifier and the date/time of a test to refer to stored records this same identifier may be used for different tests for the same patient.



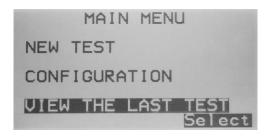
To enter the data use the ▲ ▼ ◀ and ▶ keys to select a character. Press and hold the ▶ key to enter the selected character. To delete the last character, press and hold the ◀ key.

In order to save the entry ensure all three identifier characters have been entered and then hold the ▶ key. The selection will now be stored. You will then be brought back to the **PROCESS RESULTS** screen. The save record option is now removed.

To cancel the entry, delete all three characters and hold the ◀ key. You will be brought back to the **PROCESS RESULTS** screen.



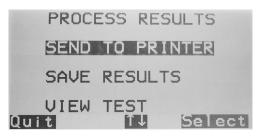
4.11. (RE)VIEW THE LAST TEST(S)



The Otowave 302 offers a short-term memory that allows you to store a test per ear until a new test has been conducted.



The symbols \checkmark or X are used to signify whether results are available for each ear. Only test results with a \checkmark can be selected for a review.



From the test result screen select the right navigation key until the PROCESS RESULTS screen is reached.

From here the following options are given:

- Print the current record
- Save the current record
- View the record again
- Return to the MAIN MENU

Please refer to chapter 0 for further steps on how to proceed from the PROCESS RESULTS screen.

Please note that the last test could have already been stored and still show in the short-term memory. In this case the function **SAVE** is disabled.



4.12. DATA MANAGEMENT

4.12.1. GENERAL



Video available on how to process test data.



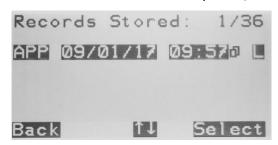
Up to 36 tests can be stored in the Otowave's internal database.

Records stored in the database of the Otowave can be listed, viewed, printed or deleted using the **DATA MANAGEMENT**.

From here the following options are given:

- Review all stored records (view, print, delete single records from here)
- Delete stored record
- View the record again

4.12.2. LIST RECORDS (VIEW, PRINT, DELETE)



LIST RECORDS shows the stored tests, 6 at a time, most recent first.

The overview contains the following information, to help identifying the test result look for:

- The three-letter patient identifier entered when the test was stored
- Date and time of the test
- Whether the test has been printed ()
- Whether the test has been sent to a computer (?)
- Whether the test is for the Left (L), Right (R) or both (2) ears

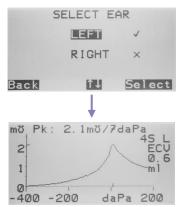
When a record is selected the **PROCESS RECORD** menu will be displayed. This accesses the following functions:

- View the selected record
- Print the selected record
- Delete a record





VIEW RECORD



The symbols ✓ or X are used to signify whether results are available for each ear. Only test results with a ✓ can be selected for a review.

SEND TO PRINTER



Confirm the **SENT TO PRINTER** selection as soon as the printer is ready.

DELETE RECORD



When select **DELETE RECORD** a confirmation of the deletion progress is required in order to proceed. If several tests are stored in the database, you will be brought back to the **LIST VIEW** after the successful deletion.

If only one record is available in the database a note will show on the screen that the database is empty.

Please note: When a new test is "saved as last test" the baseline mode most recently viewed will be saved, although any of the other modes can be re-created when the test is loaded back into the instrument using "View the last test". The same applies to results stored in the instrument's database. This allows a different display mode and baseline offset to be used for display or printing, but it does not affect the baseline mode originally stored in the database.

4.12.3. DELETE RECORDS



DELETE RECORDS allows a group of records to be deleted.





It is possible to delete all records stored in the database, only those records that have been printed or those records that have been sent to a computer.

4.12.4. PRINT RECORDS



PRINT RECORDS allows a group of records to be sent to the printer.



It is possible to print all stored records or just those records that have not already been printed.

Please note: If printing the entire database it is recommended that a full roll of paper is loaded into the printer.

4.12.5. DATA TRANSFER TO NOAH OR TYMPVIEW

The Otowave 302 is supplied with software to allow connection to a computer for the transfer of test results. You must use the designated USB cable which is available from Amplivox.

To transfer test results stored within the Otowave to a NOAH database, the Amplivox NOAH Impedance module must be installed on to a computer. Alternatively, Amplivox TympView allows data to be transferred to a computer and subsequently viewed, annotated & printed. This software is supplied on a CD which includes this operating manual.

The computer will automatically detect the instrument when it is connected with the USB cable. Data transfer is initiated from the computer (not from the Otowave). To disconnect simply remove the cable when data transfer is completed.

Refer to the installation & operating instructions provided with the NOAH Impedance Module or TympView for further details.



4.12.6. DATABASE FULL

When the internal memory is full, a warning will be displayed if the database is full when attempting to save a test.

- Selecting MANAGE RECORDS will display the DATA MANAGEMENT menu which provides
 options for printing or transferring data to a computer prior to deleting records to make space for the
 new test.
- OVERWRITE OLDEST will overwrite the oldest record in memory with the results being stored.
- BACK will return to the previous menu.



5. TROUBLESHOOTING

If a fault condition cannot be cleared, the operator is cautioned against repeatedly starting the instrument.

Please note: Refer to the installation & operating instructions provided with the NOAH Impedance Module or TympView software for details of the data transfer operation and errors that may occur.

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION(S)
No pressure can be build up and the test sequence will stay in the EQUALIZE PRESSURE SCREEN.	 No seal can be obtained Estimated volume is too high (perforated ear drum) Wrong ear tip size chosen Probe is blocked 	 Examine the probe tip for contamination and clean or replace the probe tip Reposition the probe Change the ear tip
No reflex test is conducted after the tympanometry even though the reflex test is active in the REFLEX SEQUENCE.	In REFLEX SELECTION the configuration is set to ONLY IF PEAK IS FOUND or NEVER MEASURE.	Change settings in REFLEX SELECTION to desired option.
Last measured data cannot be found under VIEW THE LAST TEST.	NEW TEST might have been selected in between and thereby deleted the last test(s) from the short-term memory.	To be stored data should be stored immediately.
BLOCKED PROBE Indicator LED b and c flash fast.	 Probe is blocked Probe placed against ear canal skin Probe disconnected from base unit 	 Examine the probe tip for contamination and clean or replace the probe tip Reposition the probe Change the ear tip Check probe connection with base unit
WITHDRAW PROBE Indicator LED b and c flash fast.	 The probe has been moved during measurement. Test has been started with the probe already inserted into the ear. 	Reposition the probe
Volume outside range WITHDRAW PROBE Indicator LED b and c flash fast.	 Ear canal volume is > 5ml. Probe is not properly inserted into the ear. 	Reposition the probe
Pressure lost WITHDRAW PROBE Indicator LED b and c flash fast.	Ear seal has been broken while testing for seal.	Reposition the probe
Measurement timed out Indicator LED b and c flash fast.	 Occurs when the ear seal check is set to EXTENDED Pump failed to achieve the starting pressure within 4 s. Pressure failed to reach - 400 daPa within 12 s. 	Reposition the probe. Retry the test. If the problem persists, contact your Amplivox service centre.
VOLUME OUTSIDE RANGE Indicator LED b and c flash.	Probe not placed correctly in ear canal.	Reposition probe.
PROBE NOT CLEAR Indicator LED c steady light.	Probe is blockedProbe placed incorrectly	 Check that the probe is not inserted into a test cavity at start-up. Please ensure the probe is not blocked or obstructed.



PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION(S)
AIRFLOW ERROR Indicator LED c steady light.	Fault with air system and/or pump. Cannot determine pump direction.	Unknown pump fault. Restart the unit. If problem persists, contact your Amplivox service center.
AIRFLOW ERROR RESTART THE UNIT Indicator LED c steady light.	Fault with air system and/or pump.	Restart the unit. If problem persists, contact your Amplivox service center.
WARNING! CALIBRATION EXPIRED Indicator LED c steady light.	The current date is later than the next calibration date. Check that the clock is set to the correct date. If so, arrange for the instrument to be recalibrated. Tests can still be performed.	Recalibration needed before further tests are performed.
WARNING! DEVICE UNCALIBRATED. Indicator LED c steady light.	One or more default values require recalibration before further tests are performed.	Contact your Amplivox service center.
WARNING! DEFAULTS RELOADED. Indicator LED c steady light.	Default configuration settings reloaded.	Default configuration settings reloaded. If the error persists, contact your Amplivox service center.
Printing Error No connection can be established with the printer	 Printer is switched off or not charged Connection between printer and base unit cannot be established. 	 Restart the base unit Restart the printer Charge printer Ensure the connection between printer and base unit is established.

If difficulties resolving fault conditions occur the equipment distributor (or Amplivox if purchased directly) should be consulted.



6. ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

6.1. GENERAL MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

The performance and safety of the instrument will be maintained if the following recommendations for care and maintenance are observed:

- 1. It is recommended that the instrument go through at least one annual service, to ensure that the acoustical, electrical and mechanical properties are correct. This should be carried out by an authorized repairer in order to guarantee proper service and repair.
- 2. Observe that no damage is present to the insulation of the mains cable or the connectors and that it is not exposed to any kind of mechanical load that could involve damage.
- 3. To ensure that the reliability of the instrument is maintained, we recommend that the operator at short intervals, for instance once a day, performs a test on a person with known data. This person could be the operator.
- 4. If the surface of the instrument or parts of it is contaminated, it can be cleaned using a soft cloth moistened with a mild solution of water and detergent or similar. Always disconnect the mains power adaptor during the cleaning process, and be careful that no fluid enters the inside of the instrument or accessories.
- 5. After each patient examination, ensure that there has been no contamination to the parts touching the patient. General precautions must be observed in order to avoid cross-contamination of disease from one patient to another. Water should be used for frequent cleaning, but in the case of severe contamination it may be necessary to use a disinfectant.



- Before cleaning always switch off and disconnect from the power supply
- Use a soft cloth lightly dampened with cleaning solution to clean all exposed surfaces
- Do not allow liquid to come in contact with the metal parts inside the earphones/headphones
- Do not autoclave, sterilize or immerse the instrument or accessory in any fluid
- Do not use hard or pointed objects to clean any part of the instrument or accessory
- Do not let parts that have been in contact with fluids dry before cleaning
- Rubber ear-tips or foam ear-tips are single use components

Recommended cleaning and disinfection solutions:

- Warm water with mild, nonabrasive cleaning solution (soap)
- 70% isopropyl alcohol only on hard cover surfaces



6.2. CLEANING THE OTOWAVE



- Use caution while cleaning.
- Before cleaning, remove the Otowave from mains power.
- Single use components such as ear-tips do not require cleaning.
- Do not allow any liquid to enter any part of the instrument or accessories.
- Do not autoclave or sterilize the instrument or any accessory.
- Do not use hard, sharp or pointed objects to clean any part of the instrument or an accessory.
- If parts have been in contact with fluids do not allow them to dry before cleaning.
- Follow local best practice and safety guidelines if available.
- Clean the instrument by wiping the outer case with a lint free cloth lightly dampened with cleaning solution. Recommended cleaning and disinfection solutions are warm water with mild, nonabrasive cleaning solution (soap) and/or Clinical wipes (for example Clinell Universal).
- If disinfection is required, use a disinfectant wipe rather than a spray product. Make sure that excess liquid from the wipe does not seep into any sensitive areas such as connectors and seams where plastic pieces connect such as under the rubber buttons on the Otowave. Follow the instructions on the disinfection product.

6.3. CLEANING THE PROBE



Video available on how to clean the probe tip.

The probe tip should be checked before each ear insertion to ensure it is undamaged and that none of the tubes through it are blocked. It should be replaced if necessary.

The sealing washer should be replaced when the probe tip is replaced, if it shows signs of wear, or if a pressure leak is suspected.



Handle the probe and accessories with care. Do not allow moisture, condensation, fluids or debris to enter the probe.

6.4. DISPOSABLES

Ear tips should be replaced after a single use. This applies to ear tips used with the main probe assembly and the contralateral transducer.

Use only the disposable supplies that are supplied with your Otowave. Ear tips, ear cups and adhesive electrodes are intended for single-use only. These should be discarded after use. They cannot be disinfected.



In the event of re-use of the single-use disposables, you enhance the risk of cross contamination!



6.5. ACCESSORIES/REPLACEMENT PARTS

Some reusable components are subject to wear with use over time. We recommend that you keep theses replacement parts available (as appropriate for your otowave device configuration).

6.6. RFPAIR

Amplivox Ltd.is only considered to be responsible for the validity of the CE marking, effects on safety, reliability and performance of the equipment if:

- assembly operations, extensions, readjustments, modifications or repairs are carried out by authorized persons
- a 1 year service interval is maintained
- the electrical installation of the relevant room complies with the appropriate requirements, and
- the equipment is used by authorized personnel in accordance with the documentation supplied by Amplivox Ltd.

It is important that the customer (distributor) fills out the RETURN REPORT every time a problem arises and sends it to

Amplivox Limited
6 Oasis Park
Eynsham
Oxfordshire
OX29 4TP
customerservice@amplivox.ltd.uk

This should also be done every time an instrument is returned to Amplivox Ltd. (This of course also applies in the unlikely worst case scenario of death or serious injury to a patient or user).

When packing the instrument for shipping, please use the original shipping carton and packing materials. Place the instrument parts in plastic bags before packing to prevent dirt and dust getting into the probe.

6.7. WARRANTY

Amplivox therefore gives the purchaser the following Warranty;

If within twenty-four months from the date of dispatch, any defect in respect of material or workmanship within our control is discovered, we will make good the defect without charge, subject to the following conditions;

- Notice of the fault is given to Amplivox within the Warranty period.
- The instrument is forwarded, carriage paid, to Amplivox Limited at the above address or as otherwise directed.
- The responsibility of Amplivox under this Warranty is strictly limited to making good the defect in the instrument itself.
- No attempt has been made to effect a repair or adjust the calibration or alter the instrument from the original build standard.
- Defects caused by abnormal conditions of use, accident or neglect are expressly excluded.

If any product requires service during the applicable warranty period, the purchaser should communicate directly with the local Amplivox Ltd. service center to determine the appropriate repair facility. Repair or



replacement will be carried out at Amplivoxs' expense, subject to the terms of this warranty. The product requiring service should be returned promptly, properly packed, and postage prepaid. Loss or damage in return shipment to Amplivox Ltd. shall be at purchaser's risk.

In no event shall Amplivox Ltd. be liable for any incidental, indirect or consequential damages in connection with the purchase or use of any Amplivox Ltd. product.

This shall apply solely to the original purchaser. This warranty shall not apply to any subsequent owner or holder of the product. Furthermore, this warranty shall not apply to, and Amplivox Ltd. shall not be responsible for, any loss arising in connection with the purchase or use of any Amplivox Ltd. product that has been:

- repaired by anyone other than an authorized Amplivox Ltd. service representative;
- altered in any way so as, in Amplivox Ltd. opinion, to affect its stability or reliability;
- subject to misuse or negligence or accident, or that has had the serial or lot number altered; defaced or removed; or
- improperly maintained or used in any manner other than in accordance with the instructions provided by Amplivox Ltd. .

This warranty is in lieu of all other warranties, express or implied, and of all other obligations or liabilities of Amplivox Ltd. Amplivox Ltd. does not give or grant, directly or indirectly, the authority to any representative or other person to assume on behalf of Amplivox Ltd. any other liability in connection with the sale of Amplivox Ltd. products.

AMPLIVOX LTD. DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FOR FUNCTION OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR APPLICATION.

6.8. WARRANTY CARD (UK CUSTOMERS ONLY)

Please complete the enclosed warranty registration card and return it to Amplivox. This will enable us to register your purchase, help with your enquiries and provide technical support.

6.9. CALIBRATION AND RETURN OF THE INSTRUMENT

Amplivox recommends that the Otowave is calibrated annually. A warning message will be displayed at power up if the instrument was calibrated more than twelve months ago. The date of the last calibration is displayed on the **SYSTEM INFORMATION** screen.

Please contact Amplivox or the designated distributor for details of calibration services.



7. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

7.1. STANDARD AND REGULATORY

Medical CE mark	The CE mark indicates that Amplivox Ltd. Meets the requirements of Annex II of the Medical Device Directive.		
Class	The Otowave 302 Tympanor (Section 1) of the EU Medical	meter is classified as a Class IIa device under Annex IX I Devices Directive.	
Standards and Conformance	Safety:	IEC 60601-1 (plus ES, CSA & EN deviations), Class II, Type B applied part	
	EMC:	IEC 60601-1-2	
	Performance:	IEC 60645-5, Type 2 Tympanometer	
Physical	Display:	256 x 64 pixels / 8 lines of 21 characters	
	Dimensions (base unit):	270 x 70 x 175 mm / 10.63 x 2.75 x 6.89 inch	
	,	(excluding connections)	
	Weight (base unit):	760 g / 1.68 lbs	
	Dimensions (probe):	130 x 25 mm / 5.11 x 0.98 inch	
	Weight (probe):	115 g / 0.25 lbs	
	Interconnection: 1.5 m combined electrical cable and air tube (probe to base)		
Power Supply Mains power:		100-240 Vac; 50/60 Hz; 0.4 A	
	Warm-up period:	None at room temperature	
	Idle current:	70 mA	
	Current while testing:	230 mA	
Environmental	Operating temperature:	+15°C to +35°C / + 59°F to +95°F	
	Operating humidity:	30 % to 90 % RH (non-condensing)	
	Operating atmospheric	980 mb to 1040 mb	
	pressure:		
	Transport: storage	-20°C to +70°C / -4°F to +94°F	
	temperature:		
	Transport and storage humidity:	10 % to 90 % RH (non-condensing)	
	Transport and storage atmospheric pressure:	900 mb to 1100 mb	

7.2. GENERAL

Time and Date	Stamps:	Time and date stamp applied to all recordings, and to
		the last calibration date
Languages:		English, German, French, Spanish, Portuguese, Italian
Database	No. of records stored:	36
	Data storage:	Any recording can be stored once the tympanogram is viewed. Patient Initials (A-Z, 0-9, "-") must be entered before storage.
	Data held:	Patient Initials, Tympanogram and Reflex graphs and analysis for Left Ear and/or Right Ear, Time and Date of recording, which ears were tested, whether or not the record has been printed and/or sent to a computer, parameters used for analysis, 128 bit Globally Unique Identifier (GUID)
	Data presentation:	Records listed in reverse chronological order (latest first), with indication of data stored as described above



Printing	Supported printer:	Sanibel MPT-II
	Interface:	Cable supplied
	Information printed:	Tympanogram, Tympanogram analysis parameters, Reflex graphs, Reflex analysis parameters, Serial Number of device, Last and Next Due Calibration dates; space for patient & clinician's details to be entered.
PC Interface	Serial Interface:	USB Version 1.1
	Information sent:	Patient header, full left & right ear data.

7.3. TYMPANOMETRY

Probe Tone	Frequency:	226 Hz ±2% and 1000 Hz ±2%
	Level:	85 dB SPL ±2dB and 79 dB SPL ±2 dB over ECV range
Pressure	Range:	+200 daPa to -400 daPa ±10daPa or ±10 % (whichever
		is larger) over range 0.1 ml to 6 ml
	Limits (safety cutout):	+600 and -800 daPa
Sweep	Speed:	Selectable: 100, 200 or 300 daPa/sec
Analysis		Admittance peak level (in ml or m℧) pressure at peak;
		Gradient in daPa (for 226Hz);
		Ear Canal Volume (ECV) @ 200 daPa or -400 daPa
	Number of samples stored	100 per tympanogram

7.4. ACOUSTIC REFLEX TESTING

Ipsilateral	Test Frequencies:	500 Hz, 1 kHz, 2 kHz & 4 kHz (±2 %)
	Level:	70 dBHL to100 dBHL (±3 dB)
		(2 kHz level is restricted to maximum 95 dBHL for ear
		canal volumes greater than ~3.5ml)
		(4 kHz level is restricted to maximum 85 dBHL for ear
		canal volumes greater than ~3.5 ml & maximum 95 dBHL
		for all ear canal volumes)
	Number of reflex levels	100dBHL max, with 5dB or 10dB steps
	presented below the	95/90/85dBHL max, with 5dB steps
	selected maximum and	
	step size(s) available:	
Contralateral	Test Frequencies:	500Hz, 1kHz, 2kHz & 4kHz (±2%)
	Level:	70dBHL to110dBHL (±3dB)
		(1kHz level is restricted to minimum 75dBHL for ear canal
		volumes less than ~0.2ml)
		(4kHz level is restricted to maximum 100dBHL for ear
		canal volumes greater than ~3.5ml)
	Number of reflex levels	110/105/100dBHL max, with 5dB or 10dB steps
	presented below the	95/90/85dBHL max, with 5dB steps
	selected maximum and	
	step size(s) available:	
General	THD:	< 5 %
	Reflex analysis	Reflex pass/fail at each level tested; maximum
		amplitude of each reflex; nominal pressure used for the
		reflex test (computer display only)
	Pressure used for reflex	Pressure at tympanogram peak (if found) or at 0daPa



measurement	
Reflex stimulus control	Stimulus presented at all levels, or
	Stimulus ceases when a reflex is found
Reflex detection threshold	0.01ml to 0.5ml ±0.01ml (configurable in 0.01ml steps)
and accuracy	
Reflex tone duration	0.6 seconds



8. EMC GUIDANCE & MANUFACTURER'S DECLARATION



- This instrument is suitable in hospital environments except for near active HF surgical equipment and RF shielded rooms of systems for magnetic resonance imaging, where the intensity of electromagnetic disturbance is high
- Use of this instrument adjacent to or stacked with other equipment should be avoided because it
 could result in improper operation. If such use is necessary, this instrument and the other equipment
 should be observed to verify that they are operating normally
- Use of accessories, transducers and cables other than those specified or provided by the
 manufacturer of this equipment could result in increased electromagnetic emissions or decreased
 electromagnetic immunity of this equipment and result in improper operation. The list of accessories,
 transducers and cables can be found in this appendix.
- Portable RF communications equipment (including peripherals such as antenna cables and external
 antennas) should be used no closer than 30 cm (12 inches) to any part of this instrument, including
 cables specified by the manufacturer. Otherwise, degradation of the performance of this equipment
 could result

NOTICE

- ESSENTIAL PERFORMANCE for this instrument is defined by the manufacturer as:
 This instrument does not have an ESSENTIAL PERFORMANCE Absence or loss of ESSENTIAL PERFORMANCE cannot lead to any unacceptable immediate risk
- Final diagnosis shall always be based on clinical knowledge There are no deviations from the collateral standard and allowances uses
- This instrument is in compliance with IEC60601-1-2:2014, emission class B group 1
 NOTICE: There are no deviations from the collateral standard and allowances uses
 NOTICE: All necessary instruction for maintaining compliance with regard to EMC can be found in
 the general maintenance section in this instruction. No further steps required.



Guidance and manufacturer's declaration - electromagnetic emissions

The Otowave 302 Tympanometer is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or user of the Otowave 302 Tympanometer should assure that it is used in such an environment.

Emissions test	Compliance	Electromagnetic environment – guidance
RF emissions CISPR 11	Group 1	The Otowave 302 Tympanometer uses RF energy only for its internal function. Therefore, its RF emissions are very low and are not likely to cause interference in nearby electronic equipment.
RF emissions CISPR 11	Class A	The Otowave 302 Tympanometer is suitable for use in all establishments, other than domestic and those directly connected to the public low-voltage
Harmonic emissions IEC 61000-3-2	Class A	power supply network that supplies buildings used for domestic purposes.
Voltage fluctuations/flicker emissions	Complies	
IEC 61000-3-3		

Guidance and manufacturer's declaration – electromagnetic immunity (1)

The Otowave 302 Tympanometer is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or user of the Otowave 302 Tympanometer should assure that it is used in such an environment.

environinient.			
Immunity test	IEC 60601 test level	Compliance level	Electromagnetic environment – guidance
Electrostatic	±6 kV contact	±6 kV contact	Floors should be wood, concrete or ceramic tile. If
Discharge (ESD)			floors are covered with synthetic material, the
IEC 61000-4-2			relative humidity should be at least 30%
	±8 kV air	±8 kV air	
Electrical fast	±2 kV for	±2 kV for	Mains power quality should be that of a typical
transient/burst	power supply	power supply	commercial or hospital environment
IEC 61000-4-4	lines	lines	·
	±1 kV for	±1 kV for	
	input/output	input/output	
	lines	lines	
Surge	±1 kV	±1 kV	Mains power quality should be that of a typical
IEC 61000-4-5	differential	differential	commercial or hospital environment
120 01000 4 0	mode	mode	'
	±2 kV	±2 kV	
	common	common	
	mode	mode	

	Immunity test	IEC 60601 test level	Compliance level	Electromagnetic environment – guidance
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Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations on power supply input lines	<5% U _T (>95% dip in U _T) for 0.5 cycle	<5% U _T (>95% dip in U _T) for 0.5 cycle	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment. If the user of the Otowave 302 Tympanometer requires continued operation during power mains interruptions, it is recommended that the Otowave 302 Tympanometer be powered from an uninterruptible power supply or a battery
IEC 61000-4-11	(60% dip in Uτ) for 5 cycles	(60% dip in U⊤) for 5 cycles	
	70% U⊤	70% U⊤	
	(30% dip in U_T) for 25 cycles	(30% dip in U _T) for 25 cycles	
	<5% U⊤	<5% U⊤	
	(>95% DIP IN U_T) FOR 5 SEC	(>95% dip in U _T) for 5 sec	
Power frequency (50/60 Hz) magnetic field	3 A/m	3 A/m	Power frequency magnetic fields should be at levels characteristic of a typical location in a typical commercial or hospital environment.
IEC 61000-4-8			
NOTE U _T is the a.c. mains voltage prior to the application of the test level.			

Guidance and manufacturer's declaration – electromagnetic immunity (2)

The Otowave 302 Tympanometer is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or user of the Otowave 302 Tympanometer should assure that it is used in such an environment.

Immunity test	IEC 60601 test level	Compliance level	Electromagnetic environment – guidance
			Portable and mobile RF communications equipment should be used no closer to any part of the Otowave 302 Tympanometer, including cables, than the recommended separation distance calculated from the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter.
			Recommended separation distance
Conducted RF	3 Vrms	3 Vrms	d = 1.2√P
IEC 61000-4-6	150kHz to 80MHz		d = 1.2√P (80MHz to 800MHz0
Radiated RF	3 V/m 80MHz to 2.5GHz	3 V/m	d = 2.3√P (800MHz to 2.5GHz)
IEC 61000-4-3			where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in Watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer and d is the recommended separation distance in metres (m).
			Field strengths from fixed RF transmitters, as determined by an electromagnetic site survey, ^a should be less than the compliance level in each frequency range. ^b
			Interference may occur in the vicinity of equipment marked with the following symbol:

NOTE 1 At 80MHz and 800MHz, the higher frequency range applies.

NOTE 2 These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.



Guidance and manufacturer's declaration - electromagnetic immunity (2)

- a Field strengths from fixed transmitters, such as base stations for radio (cellular/cordless) telephones and land mobile radios, amateur radio, AM and FM radio broadcast and TV broadcast cannot be predicted theoretically with accuracy. To assess the electromagnetic environment due to fixed RF transmitters, an electromagnetic site survey should be considered. If the measured field strength in the location in which the Otowave 302 Tympanometer is used exceeds the applicable RF compliance level above, the Otowave 302 Tympanometer should be observed to verify normal operation. If abnormal performance is observed, additional measures may be necessary, such as re-orienting or relocating the Otowave 302 Tympanometer.
- b Over the frequency range 150 kHz to 80 MHz, field strengths should be less than 3 V/m.

Recommended separation distances between portable and mobile RF communications equipment and the Otowave 302 Tympanometer

The Otowave 302 Tympanometer is intended for use in an electromagnetic environment in which radiated RF disturbances are controlled. The customer or the user of the Otowave 302 Tympanometer can help prevent electromagnetic interference by maintaining a minimum distance between portable and mobile RF communications equipment (transmitters) and the Otowave 302 Tympanometer as recommended below, according to the maximum output power of the communications equipment.

Rated maximum output	Separation distance according to frequency of transmitter m			
power of transmitter W	150 kHz to 80 MHz	80 MHz to 800 MHz	800 MHz to 2.5 GHz	
	d = 1.2√P	d = 1.2√P	d = 2.3√P	
0.01	0.12	0.12	0.23	
0.1	0.38	0.38	0.73	
1	1.2	1.2	2.3	
10	3.8	3.8	7.3	
100	12	12	23	

For transmitters rated at a maximum output power not listed above, the recommended separation distance d in metres (m) can be estimated using the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter, where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in Watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer.

NOTE 1 At 80MHz and 800MHz, the separation distance for the higher frequency range applies.

NOTE 2 These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.



9. SAFETY PRECAUTIONS TO TAKE WHEN CONNECTING OTOWAVE 302

Please note that if connections are made to standard equipment like printers and networks, special precautions must be taken in order to maintain medical safety. Please follow instructions given in this chapter.

Diagram 1: Otowave 302 used with the medically-approved mains adapter

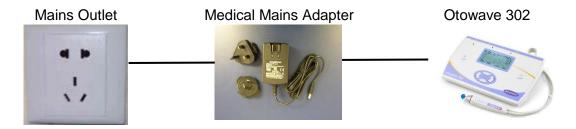
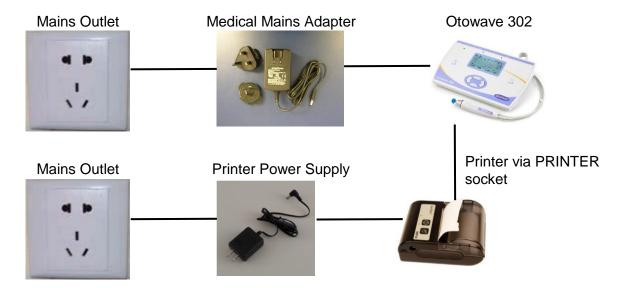


Diagram 2: Otowave 302 used with the supplied printer



Mains Outlet

Medical Mains Adapter

Otowave 302

Mains Outlet

Computer Power Supply

Computer via USB socket

Diagram 3: Otowave 302 used with the medically-approved mains adapter and a computer



10. APPENDIX A – 1000 HZ TYPANOMETRY & MEATUS COMPENSATION

10.1. TYMPANOMETRIC PROPERTIES

Tympanometric measurements of the ear are affected by a large number of physiological characteristics, but from a clinical perspective the three most important, physical properties impacting the outcome of a tympanometrical measurement are:

- 1. Stiffness
- 2. Mass
- 3. Friction

Combined mathematical and electro-technical approaches have been developed to measure/calculate and predict the stiffness of the ear drum and the middle ear. This lead to the conversion of stiffness, mass and friction into equivalent electrical impedances (**Z**):

- 1. Negative reactance (stiffness)
- 2. Positive reactance (mass)
- 3. Resistance (friction), whereby friction can only be positive in passive systems.

For tympanometry however, it is more usual to consider the inverse of impedance, the so called admittance (Y = 1/Z), of stiffness, mass and friction:

- 1. Susceptance (**B**, inverse of reactance)
- 2. Conductance (G, inverse of resistance)

The units of all these admittance components are mhos (the inverse of ohms used for impedance).

The reason for using these inverse measures is because the admittances of the ear canal and middle ear components can then be treated as being in series with each other, making their values easy to separate. If considered as impedances these components are in parallel, which makes their separation much more difficult to calculate and to visualize.

For example, the ear canal admittance/impedance is often not of immediate interest, and is removed from the measurement as described later. For tympanometry, it is more of interest, to find the admittance/impedance of the middle ear than the one of the ear canal.

When considering a simple stiffness like that of the ear canal air volume, its susceptance is positive and is related to the commonly used term "compliance". At low frequencies, such as 226Hz used in most tympanometers, the middle ear and the ear canal air volume both behave quite like a simple stiffness and use of the term compliance is appropriate (to an approximation). However, at higher frequencies such as 1000Hz, this simplification breaks down, as described in the following chapter.

10.2. TYMPANOMETRIC MEASUREMENTS

The main aim of tympanometry is to separate out the admittance contribution of the ear canal air volume (Y_{ec}) from the total measured admittance (Y_{meas}) , to find the admittance in the plane of the tympanic membrane (Y_{tm}) . This separation is variously called 'baseline removal' or 'meatus compensation'. The value removed is often displayed separately as the Ear Canal Volume. Note that when using a 226 Hz probe tone, one can substitute the word *compliance* for *admittance* in this description, with minor loss of accuracy, and the calculation is a simple scalar subtraction of the magnitudes of the admittance values:

$$Y_tm = |Y_meas| - |Y_ec|$$



When considering the general case, including probe tone frequencies at higher frequencies than 226Hz, the above subtraction of the effect of the ear canal air volume is more complicated. In mathematical terms, a complex subtraction is required, which involves taking into account the **G** and **B** components separately. In graphical terms, this can be described as a vector subtraction, and the equation now takes on the form:

$$Y_tm = |\overline{Y_meas} - Y_ec|$$

The baseline value (\mathbf{Y}_{ec}) is the measured admittance of the ear when at maximum pressure (normally +200daPa for the Otowave 302). This approximates \mathbf{Y}_{ec} because the applied pressure reduces \mathbf{Y}_{tm} towards 0 (but not all the way to 0, otherwise it would not be possible to hear the probe tone at all; nonetheless the approximation is sufficient for clinical purposes). This value is subtracted from each of the tympanogram measurements in turn to generate the meatus-compensated tympanogram normally presented to the clinician.

The above subtractions are represented in terms of vectors in Figure 1 and Figure 2 shown at the end of this section for probe tone frequencies of 226Hz and 1000Hz respectively. In Figure 1, it can be seen that there is minimal loss of accuracy by performing a scalar subtraction instead of a vector subtraction. In other words, the phase angles of the vectors (directions of arrows) are similar.

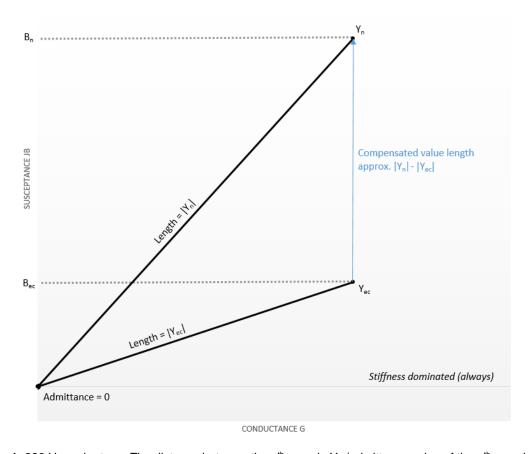


Figure 1: 226 Hz probe tone: The distance between the nth sample Y_n (admittance value of the nth sample in the tympanogram) and the baseline sample Y_{ec} is essentially the same as the difference in lengths between the length $|Y_{ec}|$ because conductance is always small at 226 Hz and reading are always stiffness dominated. Scalar subtraction $(|Y_n| - |Y_{ec}|)$ is adequate.



Contrast this with Figure 2 where the phase angles are very different and a scalar subtraction would erroneously give a value close to zero, instead of the length of the vector in orange (Yec).

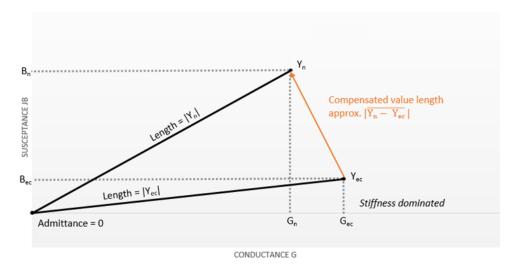


Figure 2: 1 kHz probe tone: Although the susceptance values B_n and B_{ec} are the same as in the 226 Hz diagram, the distance between the nth sample Y_n and the baseline sample Y_{ec} is nothing like the difference in lengths between Y_n and Y_{ec} (which here would be close to 0), due to the conductance values and the possibility of mass dominated measurements. Vector subtraction $(\overline{Yn} - \overline{Y_ec}c)$ is necessary.

Even for 226 Hz probe tones, the subtraction strictly should be a complex subtraction, but the loss of accuracy arising from using the scalar subtraction method described above is not large enough to be of clinical importance (as shown in Figure 1), and this approach is taken by most if not all commercial tympanometers. But for 1 kHz measurements, the Otowave 302 optionally can take the more advanced approach, employing vector based subtraction. It is a mathematically more thorough and accurate way of performing compensation and is made possible by the advanced electronics and software within the device.

Vector based baseline compensation always generates positive values; it calculates the length of a line joining two points in 2-D space and can therefore never be negative. This can cause a tympanogram to rise up at the end opposite to that used for the baseline reference. If that is the case, changing the baseline from –400 or + 200 daPa or vice versa can improve the display. This effect can be most clearly demonstrated by performing a tympanometric sweep on a 2 ml or 5 ml hard walled cavity. When viewed in Scalar mode the baseline should always rise from –400 or + 200 daPa and switching between –400 or + 200 daPa should simply raise or lower the trace so that the selected end is at 0; but when the Vector mode is selected the baseline always rises from the selected end, so the slope changes direction.

10.3. SCALAR VS. VECTOR BASELINE

There are differences between the tympanograms obtained with **scalar** and **vector baseline** compensation: 1 kHz tympanograms may appear quite flat when viewed with scalar baseline compensation; they are typically clearer with vector compensation. Moreover, vector baseline compensation leads to results that follow a more easily interpretable pattern, which means that the middle-ear pressure can be defined with greater certainty.

Although vector subtraction is the only correct solution at 1 kHz, it may be unfamiliar to users and therefore the Otowave 302 offers the option of selecting either scalar or vector baseline compensation for 1 kHz tympanograms. Use of scalar baseline compensation will give results similar to those from some other instruments and be comparable with publications that have used scalar baseline compensation.



10.4. REFERENCE POINT FOR BASELINE VALUE

An additional feature of the Otowave 302 not found on other screening tympanometers is that the user can decide whether to use -400 or +200 daPa as the reference point for the baseline value.



11. APPENDIX B -BASELINE MODE

11.1. GENERAL

The Otowave 302 can display tympanograms in a variety of graphical formats allowing the operator to choose the most appropriate for the patient under examination.

This is achieved by altering the **DISPLAY MODE** and the meatus compensation (or **BASELINE OFFSET**). The **DISPLAY MODE** determines how the tympanogram trace is derived from the raw data, and the baseline offset selects the pressure to which the meatus compensation is referenced (either -400daPa or +200daPa). **DISPLAY MODE** and **BASELINE OFFSET** are collectively referred to as **BASELINE OFFSET** in the instrument menus and the accompanying documentation.

The tympanogram is initially presented using default settings for display mode and baseline offset. Additionally, whenever a tympanogram is shown it may be re-displayed using <u>any</u> of the alternative **DISPLAY MODES** and **BASELINE OFFSETS** available described in this section.



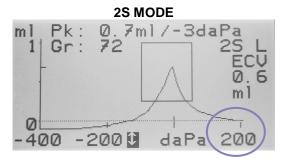
Switching between **DISPLAY MODES** and **BASELINE OFFSETS** is carried out using either the display mode key on the front panel or the function button on the probe.

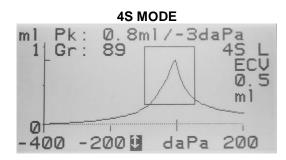
Press and briefly hold the key or button to cycle round Scalar, Vector and Component display modes. Short button presses will circle around the current selected mode, long button presses will access another display mode.

11.2. 226 HZ TYMPANOMETRY – Y COMPENTATION ONLY



Please note that only the Scalar display mode is available for 226Hz probe frequency.



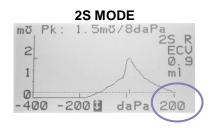


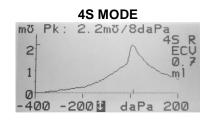


11.3. 1000 HZ TYMPANOMETRY

11.3.1. SCALAR MODE – Y-COMPENSATION

For 1 kHz operation a similar scalar display mode is available as used for 226Hz (Y-only compensation). This mode is generally preferred when testing very young children.

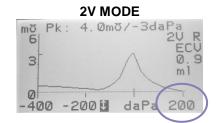


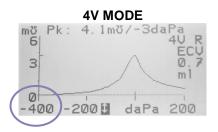


11.3.2. VECTOR MODE – B-G-COMPENSATION

For 1 kHz operation an alternative display mode is available known as **VECTOR** mode (based on definition in Clause 3.17.2 of IEC 60645-5) and takes account of phase information in the measurements. It is also known as B-G compensation and is suitable for all patients other than neonates.

The format is similar to that used for scalar mode with the 1 kHz probe tone. Baseline offsets of +200 daPa offset (2V) and -400 daPa (4V) are available as required.

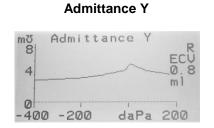


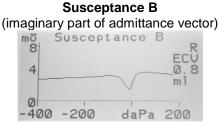


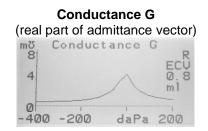
Please note that a consequence of the vector mode calculation is that the resulting tympanogram cannot take negative values. It is thus theoretically possible for the trace to appear to rise (i.e. take higher positive values) at the end opposite to the selected offset. The user is advised to view traces with each of the +200daPa and -400daPa baseline offsets selected before deciding which result to save.

11.3.3. COMPONENT MODE – YBG

The Otowave 302 also provides a component display when using a 1 kHz probe tone where separate uncompensated Y, B and G traces can be shown. These may help to interpret the tympanograms and help to define the middle-ear pressure in cases where the Y display alone gives misleading or ambiguous conclusions. The function is suitable for all patients. Component mode is used as required by the audiologist. In this case the ear canal volume is measured at the +200daPa baseline offset in Scalar mode.









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