October 24, 2019 Breaking a Law of Physics

Benefits of OpenSound Optimizer™

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Spectro Temporal Modulations In theory



10 kHz



Time



Spectro Temporal Modulation



 Altering between low energy and fully restored gain

Rapidly

- Only in affected frequency bands
- 0 dB loop gain = stable sound
- 60 ms to detect and prevent audible feedback





OpenSound Optimizer Live





The area's home-rule,

though, is far-

reaching



How do you test benefit? 1





Optimal gain in dynamic environments

Activity around the hearing aids and/or inside head and neck





Comparing different hearing aids

What is an accurate way?

- "Matched gain, matched acoustics" approach
 - Same openness of ear
 - Same gain at relevant frequencies







Audiometric configuration







Is the OSO sound annoying?

Internal competitor investigation

- ▶ 5 manipulations
- FB yes/no?
- Soft/medium/loud
- Other disturbing sounds (OSO?)
- ▶ Rate annoyance on scale





Live feedback performance test





Annoyance

- Compared to 5 competitors and Oticon Opn, Oticon Opn S had <u>best</u> (lowest) overall annoyance score
- Oticon Opn vs. Oticon Opn S annoyance rating shows how people perceive traditional feedback versus OSO
- Take-away: STM can be audible when HA is provoked, but it is not annoying





How do you test benefit? 2

Static situation – no provocation

Oticon Opn







Dynamic situation - biting an apple

Oticon Opn







Dynamic situation - wearing a hat

Oticon Opn







Dynamic situation - standing close to a glass door

Oticon Opn







How do you test benefit? 3

Testing noise, speech & feedback performance at once

Test conditions:

- Front: 70 dB speech
- Back: 70 dB speech-shaped noise

Hearing aid fitting:

- Modified S2 audiogram
- Open domes
- Feedback Analyser run
- All hearing aids were gain matched with REM





















OpenSound Optimizer

Improving Speech Guard LX and OpenSound Navigator for higher signal integrity





Thank You!